

CISplatin (40mg/m²) Weekly with Radiotherapy (RT)

INDICATIONS FOR USE:

| INDICATION | ICD10 | Regimen Code | *Reimbursement Indicator |
|--|-------|--------------|--------------------------|
| Chemoradiation treatment for locally advanced (stage IIB to IVA) cervical squamous cell carcinoma (SCC) | C34 | 00385a | |
| Chemoradiation treatment for locally advanced bladder cancer | C67 | 00385b | |
| Chemoradiation treatment for locally advanced nasopharyngeal carcinoma | C11 | 00385c | |
| Chemoradiation treatment for locally advanced unresectable head and neck squamous carcinoma (SCC) in patients who cannot tolerate three weekly CISplatin regimens. | C76 | 00385d | |

**If a reimbursement indicator (e.g. ODMS, CDS¹) is not defined, the drug and its detailed indication have not gone through the formal reimbursement process as legislated for in the Health (Pricing and Supply of Medical Goods) Act 2013.*

TREATMENT:

The starting dose of the drugs detailed below may be adjusted downward by the prescribing clinician, using their independent medical judgement, to consider each patient's individual clinical circumstances.

Cervical Carcinoma: CISplatin is administered once every 7 days with concurrent radiotherapy for 5 cycles and can be continued weekly with concurrent radiotherapy at the discretion of the prescribing consultant.

Bladder, Nasopharyngeal, Head and Neck: CISplatin is administered once every 7 days with concurrent radiotherapy for 6 cycles.

Facilities to treat anaphylaxis MUST be present when the chemotherapy is administered.

| Day | Drug | Dose | Route | Diluent & Rate | Cycle |
|--|-----------|---------------------|-------------|--|--------------|
| 1 | CISplatin | 40mg/m ² | IV Infusion | 500-1000ml NaCl 0.9% over 2 hours (Pre and Post hydration therapy required)** | Every 7 days |
| <p>**Pre and post hydration therapy required for CISplatin See local hospital policy recommendations. Suggested <u>prehydration</u> for CISplatin therapy:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Administer 10mmol magnesium sulphate (MgSO₄) in 1000 mL sodium chloride 0.9% over 60 minutes. Administer 200 mL of mannitol 20% over 15 minutes*** (near the completion of the first bag of hydration fluids) (mannitol should be administered via a controlled infusion) <p>Administer CISplatin as described above</p> <p><u>Post hydration:</u> Administer 1000ml 0.9% NaCl over 60mins</p> <p>***Mannitol 10% may be used as per institutional policy; there is much variation in the use of mannitol and although there is no conclusive evidence that mannitol should be used.</p> <p>CISplatin (radiosensitizer) – Radiotherapy Since CISplatin is used in this protocol as a radiosensitising agent, it is to be administered on the day on which radiotherapy is delivered. Radiotherapy should start after CISplatin infusion is completed. If radiotherapy is cancelled on the CISplatin day, do not give CISplatin that day and postpone chemotherapy until radiation therapy resumes.</p> | | | | | |

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| NCCP Regimen: CISplatin 40mg/m ² Weekly with Radiotherapy | Published: 20/12/2016 Review: 29/09/2019 | Version number: 2 |
| Tumour Group: NCCP Regimen Code: 00385 | ISMO Contributor: Prof Maccon Keane | Page 1 of 4 |
| <p>The information contained in this document is a statement of consensus of NCCP and ISMO or IHS professionals regarding their views of currently accepted approaches to treatment. Any clinician seeking to apply or consult these documents is expected to use independent medical judgement in the context of individual clinical circumstances to determine any patient's care or treatment. Use of these documents is the responsibility of the prescribing clinician, and is subject to HSE's terms of use available at http://www.hse.ie/eng/Disclaimer This information is valid only on the day of printing, for any updates please check www.hse.ie/NCCPchemoregimens</p> | | |

ELIGIBILITY:

- Indications as above
- ECOG 0-2
- Adequate hepatic, renal, and bone marrow function

EXCLUSIONS:

- Hypersensitivity to CISplatin or any of the excipients
- Moderate/severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance < 60 mL/min)
- Significant hearing impairment/tinnitus
- Pregnancy
- Breast Feeding

PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY:

The treatment plan must be initiated by a Consultant Medical Oncologist

TESTS:

Baseline tests:

- Blood, renal and liver profile
- Audiology and creatinine clearance if clinically indicated

Regular tests:

- Blood, renal and liver profile prior to each cycle.

Disease monitoring:

Disease monitoring should be in line with the patient's treatment plan and any other test/s as directed by the supervising Consultant.

DOSE MODIFICATIONS:

- Any dose modification should be discussed with a Consultant.

Haematological:

Table 1: Dose modification of CISplatin in haematological toxicity

| ANC (x10 ⁹ /L) | | Platelets (x10 ⁹ /L) | Dose |
|---------------------------|----|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <1 | or | <100 | Delay chemoradiation until recovery |

Renal and Hepatic Impairment:

Table 2: Dose modification of CISplatin in renal and hepatic impairment

| Renal Impairment | | Hepatic Impairment |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Cr Cl (ml/min) | Dose | No dose modifications for hepatic impairment |
| ≥60 | 100% | |
| 45-59 <45 | 75% Hold CISplatin or delay with additional IV fluids or go to CARBOplatin | |

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Management of adverse events:

Table 3: Dose Modification of CISplatin for Adverse Events

| Adverse reactions | Recommended dose modification |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Peripheral neuropathy Grade 2 | Reduce CISplatin dose by 25% |
| Grade 3 or 4 | Omit CISplatin |

SUPPORTIVE CARE:

EMETOGENIC POTENTIAL: High (Refer to local policy).

PREMEDICATIONS:

Hydration pre and post CISplatin administration (**Reference local policy or see recommendations above**).

OTHER SUPPORTIVE CARE: No specific recommendations

ADVERSE EFFECTS / REGIMEN SPECIFIC COMPLICATIONS

The adverse effects listed are not exhaustive. Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics for full details.

- **Neutropenia:** Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated appropriately.
- **Renal toxicity:** Renal toxicity is common with CISplatin. Encourage oral hydration.
- Ototoxicity and sensory neural damage should be assessed by history prior to each cycle.

DRUG INTERACTIONS:

- Avoid concurrent use of CISplatin with nephrotoxic drugs (e.g. aminoglycosides, furosemide, NSAIDS) due to additive nephrotoxicity. If necessary monitor renal function closely.
- Current drug interaction databases should be consulted for more information.

ATC CODE:

CISplatin L01XA01

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5. Coppin CML, Gospodarowicz MK, James K, et al. Improved local control of invasive bladder cancer by concurrent cisplatin and preoperative or definitive radiation. J Clin Oncol 1996;14:2901-7.
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 10. Cisplatin 1mg/ml Concentrate for Solution for Infusion. Summary of Product Characteristics Accessed Sep2017. Available at http://www.hpra.ie/img/uploaded/swedocuments/LicenseSPC_PA0749-119-002_06062013115044.pdf

| Version | Date | Amendment | Approved By |
|---------|------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 | | | Prof Maccon Keane |
| 2 | 20/09/2017 | Applied new NCCP regimen template Clarified dosing in Cervical Carcinoma | Prof Maccon Keane |

Comments and feedback welcome at oncologydrugs@cancercontrol.ie.

ⁱ ODMS – Oncology Drug Management System

CDS – Community Drug Schemes (CDS) including the High Tech arrangements of the PCRS community drug schemes

Further details on the Cancer Drug Management Programme is available at;

<http://www.hse.ie/eng/services/list/5/cancer/profinfo/medonc/cdmp/>

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